Registered number: 01679424

JLT GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors D Brennan

M C Chessher J Flahive

Company secretary Marsh Secretarial Services Limited

Registered number 01679424

The St Botolph Building 138 Houndsditch Registered office

London EC3A 7AW

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for JLT Group Holdings Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Principal activities

On 1 April 2019, the Company and its subsidiaries ('the JLT Group') were acquired by Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc ('MMC' or 'the Group'). The Company acts as an intermediate holding company and expects to continue as such for the foreseeable future. Its global subsidiaries are primarily engaged in insurance broking, reinsurance broking and employee benefits.

Business review

Profit before taxation amounted to £383.2m (2019: £3,110.1m).

The results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in the financial statements on pages from 11 to 32.

On 16 July 2020, the Company changed its name from Jardine Lloyd Thompson Group Limited to JLT Group Holdings Limited.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties and financial risks of the Company are integrated with those of the Group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties and financial risks of the Group, which include those of the Company, are set out in the 2020 annual report of the Group which does not form part of this report.

Financial risk management

The Company has limited exposure to financial risks as a non-trading holding company in the MMC Group. The Company regularly reviews the carrying value of its investments and other assets and liabilities to ensure they are appropriate.

Emerging risk

Coronovirus: (Covid-19) is an example of a pandemic continuing to spread through contagion, which could be around for a number of years and adaptions will have to be made to live with it. There has been a significant improvement in outlook due to vaccination programmes, although the timing of returning to a sense of normality is uncertain. There is an expectation that while the Global economy may take time to recover and the shape of recovery may be uncertain, it will ultimately recover. The pace of such recovery in different geographic and economic zones is likely to vary. The Company and the Group of which it is a part, have taken a considered approach to minimising and managing the impact of the pandemic and has well formulated contingency plans, which continues to evolve as changes to circumstances occur.

Political risk

The directors have considered the key risks and impact to its business and operations following the departure of the United Kingdom from the European Union on 31 January 2020 and entered a transition phase that ended on 31 December 2020. As the Company does not trade and is an intermediate holding company it is not considered to have any significant risks incurred as a result of Brexit.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Financial key performance indicators

Given the nature of the business, the Company's directors believe that analysis using KPIs for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Section 172(1) of the Companies Act 2006 (the 'Act') Statement

The below paragraphs provide an explanation as to how the Company's directors have had regard to the matters set out in section 172(1)(a) to (f) of the Act when performing their duties. This includes how the directors have engaged with and considered the interests of various stakeholders including its shareholder, employees, clients, suppliers, the community and those in a principal business relationship with the Company.

Duty to Promote the Success of the Company

The Directors of the Company are committed to lead and direct the affairs of the Company in order to promote the long-term sustainable success of the Company, generating value for its shareholder and ensuring sound and prudent management of the firm, with consideration for the interests of other stakeholders.

The Company forms part of the Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. Group of Companies ('the MMC Group'), a global professional services provider, specialising in the areas of risk, strategy and people. It acts as an intermediate holding company and its activities are aligned to the strategy and risk management and control frameworks of the MMC Group. The Board meets on an ad hoc basis to consider matters within its remit.

Shareholder

As a wholly owned subsidiary, the Board duly considers the views of its ultimate shareholder, Marsh & McLennan Companies Inc., and the interests of the Marsh McLennan Group, as part of any major decisions and transactions undertaken by the Company. The directors provide the primary channel of communication between the Company, its ultimate shareholder and the wider Group.

Distributions to the Company's shareholder are only considered after a full assessment of capital adequacy and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern into the foreseeable future to ensure investment in the future growth of the Company, balanced with stable and sustainable returns to the shareholder. Further information on dividends is set out in Note 12 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Greater Good, which is the Marsh McLennan Group's Code of Conduct, applies to all directors and employees of the Company and it embodies the Group's commitment to maintaining a reputation for the highest standards of business and ethical conduct. These non-negotiable standards are outlined in the Greater Good, which emphasises the importance of building trust with colleagues, clients and the wider community.

Clients

The Company is an intermediate holding company within the Marsh McLennan Group of companies and does not have external clients.

Employees

The Company does not have any employees. Members of the Board are employed by other Marsh McLennan Group companies, the principal of which is Marsh Services Limited.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Section 172(1) of the Companies Act 2006 (the 'Act') Statement (continued)

Suppliers

The Marsh McLennan Group is committed to ensuring that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any of the Group's supply chains or any part of its business, and has in place a Modern Slavery Policy which has been rolled out to all colleagues, and incorporated into the Group's induction programme. All suppliers are required to comply with modern slavery legislation under the standard terms and conditions of contracting agreements and the Group's Global Sourcing and Procurement team ('GSP') issue an annual modern slavery supplier questionnaire to certain suppliers (selected on a risk based approach) to monitor compliance.

Community

The Company, and the Group as a whole, recognises that in a world facing increasing risk and uncertainty, supporting our communities is more important than ever before. To this end, the Group has established a committee, comprised of representatives from across its businesses in the UK to focus on our Social Impact (formerly CSR) efforts in the UK. Given the Group's expertise in risk, strategy and people, our social impact efforts are focused on 'Engaging our Colleagues to Build Resilient Communities.

By aligning its Social Impact programmes with the business priorities and experience, the Group is able to demonstrate its commitment to its communities in the UK while supporting the business. The Group partners with select strategic global non-profit organisations, including; the Cherie Blair Foundation for Women, Junior Achievement, Missing Maps and Ambitious About Autism in the UK and encourages colleagues to volunteer with its non-profit partners, for local causes that are important to them and their clients. Alongside this, the Company also supports a number of grassroots charities addressing a range of cause areas including; food/hunger, older people, mental health and social mobility. In 2020, COVID-19 significantly impacted fundraising, with in-person events suspended. To mitigate this, virtual fundraising campaigns and events were held.

The Group has developed climate initiatives which represent a tangible step towards building a more sustainable environment for colleagues, clients, shareholders and future generations. The Group have also made the commitment of being carbon neutral by the end of 2021, and to reduce its carbon emissions by 15% below 2019 levels by 2025.

This report was approved by the board on

13 September 2021

and signed on its behalf.

M C Chessher

Mark Charle

Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £383.2m (2019 - £3,123.4m).

As part of a wider Group restructure to align JLT companies with MMC companies, the directors recommended an interim dividend payment of £390.5m in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £3,594.1m).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

D Brennan M C Chessher J Flahive

The Company has put in place an indemnity in its Articles of Association to indemnify directors and officers of the Company against losses or liabilities sustained in the execution of their duties of office. The indemnity is a qualifying third party indemnity provision under s232 and s234 of the Companies Act 2006.

Future developments

The Company is non-trading and acts as an intermediary holding company. It is the intention of the directors that the Company remains this way in 2021.

Financial risk management

As disclosed in the Principal Risks and Uncertainties note within the Strategic Report of this document, the Company's financial risk management is considered to be integrated with that of the Group. The Principal Risks and Uncertainties and Financial Risks of the Group, which include those of the Company, are set out in the Annual Report of the Group.

Going concern

The directors have no plans for a change in the principal activities of the Company or any intention to liquidate the Company in the foreseeable future. The directors acknowledge the Company's net current liability position of £65.6m (2019: £65.7m) and have evaluated funding options available to the Company. Following this evaluation they are satisfied that any obligations can be met. These financial statements are therefore presented on a going concern basis.

The Company continues to monitor the uncertainty in the current economic and business environment including the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. As the Company does not trade and acts as an intermediate holding company in the MMC Group, the Covid-19 pandemic is not considered to have a material impact on the directors' assessment of the going concern basis.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

Auditor

The auditor, Deloitte LLP, has indicated their willingness to continue in office and will be deemed to be reappointed under Section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

13 September 2021

and signed on its behalf.

M C Chessher

Mark Charles

Director

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JLT GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of JLT Group Holdings Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the profit and loss account;
- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the balance sheet
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 19.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JLT GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities . This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the Company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the Company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and internal audit about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JLT GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the Company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act and tax legislations; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management, internal audit and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing internal audit reports.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JLT GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Adam Knight FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor

ALYZ

London, United Kingdom

Date: 14 September 2021

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 £000	2019 £000
Administrative income/(expenses)		145	(103,645)
Operating profit/(loss)	4	145	(103,645)
Income from other fixed asset investments	8	390,459	3,492,665
Amounts written off investments	13	(7,373)	(279,200)
Interest receivable and similar income	9	14	334
Interest payable and similar expenses	10	-	(49)
Profit before tax	-	383,245	3,110,105
Tax on profit	11	(30)	13,293
Profit for the financial year	-	383,215	3,123,398

The notes on pages 16 to 32 form part of these financial statements.

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Note	2020 £000	2019 £000
Profit for the financial year	383,215	3,123,398
Total comprehensive income for the year	383,215	3,123,398

JLT GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01679424

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note		2020 £000		2019 £000
Fixed assets					
Investments	13		179,703		187,077
		-	179,703	_	187,077
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	14	70,206		69,678	
Cash at bank and in hand	15	331		-	
	•	70,537	-	69,678	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(136,151)		(135,422)	
Net current liabilities	-		(65,614)		(65,744)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	114,089	_	121,333
Net assets		_ _	114,089	_	121,333
Capital and reserves		-		_	
Called up share capital	17		1		1
Capital contribution reserve			50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account			64,088		71,332
		-	114,089	_	121,333

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 13 September 2021.

M C Chessher

Mark Charles

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

At 1 January 2020	Called up share capital £000 1	Capital contribution reserve £000 50,000	Profit and loss account £000 71,332	Total equity £000 121,333
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	-	383,215	383,215
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	383,215	383,215
Dividends: Equity capital	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(390,459)	(390,459)
Total transactions with owners			(390,459)	(390,459)
At 31 December 2020	1	50,000	64,088	114,089

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

At 1 January 2019	Called up share capital £000 11,009	Share premium account £000 104,110	Capital contribution reserve £000	Merger reserve £000 9,604	loss account	Total equity £000 129,832
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	3,123,398	3,123,398
Total comprehensive income for the year		_			3,123,398	3,123,398
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(3,594,121)	(3,594,121)
Amounts in respect of share-based payments: capital contribution to subsidiaries	-	_	-	_	22,776	22,776
- shares acquired	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Shares issued during the year	9,720	389,333	-	-	-	399,053
Merger reserve capitalised	-	-	-	(9,604)	-	(9,604)
Capital reduction	(20,728)	(493,443)	-	-	514,171	-
Capital contribution	-	-	50,000	-	-	50,000
Total transactions with owners	(11,008)	(104,110)	50,000	(9,604)	(3,057,175)	(3,131,897)
At 31 December 2019	1	-	50,000	-	71,332	121,333

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. General information

The Company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated and domiciled in United Kingdom under the Companies Act and registered in England and Wales.

On 8 July 2020, the name of the Company was changed to JLT Group Holdings Limited from Jardine Lloyd Thompson Group Ltd.

The address of its registered office is: The St Botolph Building 138 Houndsditch London EC3A 7AW.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

These financial statements are presented in GBP Sterling (£). Amounts shown are rounded to the nearest thousand, unless stated otherwise.

2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The Company meets its day-to-day working capital requirements from corporate cash balances. The current economic conditions create uncertainty particularly over (a) the level of demand for the Company's services; (b) the exchange rate between sterling and foreign currencies; and (c) the Company's cost base. The Company continues to monitor the uncertainty in the current economic and business environment including the impact of the Covid 19 pandemic, and the directors are satisfied that the Company's services will continue to be attractive to clients. The Directors considered it was appropriate for the Company to perform additional procedures and analysis, specific to Covid-19, to consider whether these events and uncertainties cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. This monitoring and analysis considered our business resilience and continuity plans and stress testing of liquidity and financial resources. The analysis modelled the financial impact assuming an increasing severity of impact in relation to revenue and certain costs, for a 12 month period so that the potential impact on profitability and liquidity could be assessed.

Having assessed the responses to their enquiries, including those related to Covid-19, and considered the available funding options for the Company's net current liability position of £65.6m (2019: £65.7m) the Directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt upon the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The directors acknowledge the latest guidance on going concern. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements and, therefore, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

2.4 New standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2020

There are no new accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2020 which have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

2.5 Exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of MMC Treasury Holdings (UK) Limited and of its ultimate parent, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc, which are publicly available. Therefore, the Company is exempt by virtue of section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Profit and Loss Account within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

2.7 Dividends income

Dividends income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.8 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.11 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.14 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Financial instruments

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either fair value or amortised cost, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Fair value through profit or loss

All of the Company's financial assets other than those which meet the criteria to be measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses being recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost where they are financial assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and represents the amount measured at initial recognition less repayments of principal plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.15 Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised or at FVOCI. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

Financial liabilities

At amortised cost

Financial liabilities which are neither contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, held for trading, nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

2.16 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2.17 Share based compensation

In respect of share options awarded to group employees the Company recognises the cost of the award of share options, less any contribution received towards the cost of purchase, as a capital contribution to the carrying value of its subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements used in preparing the financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimate that has a significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities is discussed below.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Management have considered key sources of estimation uncertainty. There are no key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Critical judgments in applying the Company's accounting policies

Impairment of assets

Investments in subsidiaries and other assets that are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are not subject to amortisation are also reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, management judgement is used to evaluate which events or changes in circumstances may trigger an impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit is determined based on value-in-use calculations prepared on the basis of management's assumptions and estimates. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost; and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the investment, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in regional economies and operational and financing cash flow.

4. Operating profit/(loss)

The operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging:

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Exchange differences	(190)	(16)

5. Auditor's remuneration

Auditor's remuneration for the statutory audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020 is £40,958 (2019: £35,000).

The Auditor's remuneration is paid on behalf of the Company, by a fellow subsidiary, Marsh Corporate Services Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

6. Employees

There were no employees other than directors during the year (2019:£Nil).

7. Directors' remuneration

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Directors' emoluments	-	16,037
Amounts receivable under long-term incentive schemes	-	22,645
Company contributions to money purchase schemes	-	28
	-	38,710

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to no directors (2019 - 3) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

During the year NIL directors received shares under the long term incentive schemes (2019 -3)

In respect of the highest paid director:

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Directors' emoluments	-	11,023
Amounts receivable under long-term incentive schemes	-	14,581
Company contributions to money purchase schemes	-	20
		25,624

8. Income from investments

	£000	£000
Dividends received from unlisted investments	390,459	3,492,665

During 2020 and 2019, the Company received dividends from JIB Group Limited.

2019

2020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9.	Interest receivable		
		2020 £000	2019 £000
	Interest receivable from group companies	14	333
	Interest receivable- third party	-	1
			334
		=	
10.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2020	2019
		£000	£000
	Interest on amounts due to group undertakings	<u> </u>	49
11.	Taxation		
		2020	2019
	Corporation tax	£000	£000
	Current tax on profits for the year	30	(19,638)
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	-	6,345
		30	(13,293)
	Total current tax	30	(13,293)
	Deferred tax		
	Total deferred tax		
	Tax on profit	30	(13,293)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2019 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Profit before tax	383,245	3,110,105
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of:	72,816	590,920
Non-tax deductible impairment	1,401	53,048
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	-	6,345
Non-taxable income	(74,187)	(663,606)
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	30	(13,293)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Following the Budget announcement on 3 March 2021 the UK Corporation Tax rate will be increased to 25% from 1 April 2023.

12. Dividends

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Interim dividends paid to MMC Treasury Holdings (UK) Ltd	390,459	3,594,121

Dividends totaling £390,458,791 (£19,522.94 per share) were declared and paid during the year...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

13. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2020	466,276
At 31 December 2020	466,276
Impairment	
At 1 January 2020	279,200
Charge for the period	7,373
At 31 December 2020	286,573
Net book value	
At 31 December 2020	179,703 ————
At 31 December 2019	187,077 ——————————————————————————————————

During the year, the net assets of Private Client Services by Mercer China Limited and its branches in Shanghai, Guangzhou and Beijing (formerly JLT Insurance Brokers Co, Limited) reduced below their carrying value. As a result, an impairment of £7.4m has been charged to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

13. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Holding
JIB Group Limited (1)	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch, London, EC3A 7AW	100%
Private Client Services by Mercer China Limited (formerly JLT Insurance Brokers Co. Limited) (1)	Rm 5001 Hong Kong New World Tower No. 300 Huaihai Zhong Road Shanghai 200021 China	100%
Pet Animal Welfare Scheme Limited (1,2)	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch, London, EC3A 7AW	100%
JIB Group Holdings Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JIB Overseas Holdings Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JIB UK Holdings Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT Colombia Retail Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT Colombia Wholesale Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT LATAM (Southern Cone) Wholesale Limied	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT Latin American Holdings Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT Mexico Holdings Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT Peru Reinsurance Solutions Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT Peru Retail Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT Peru Wholesale Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%
JLT UK Investment Holding Limited	The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch,London, EC3A 7AW, United Kingdom	100%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

13. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

Name	Registered office	Holding
Jardines PF- Consultoria Em Gestao De Risco, Limitada	Rua Kuamme Knrumah Numero 31,Ingombota, Luanda, Angola	100%
JLT Towner Insurance Management (Anguilla) Limited	Babrow's Commercial Complex, The Valley,Al-2640, Anguilla	100%
JLT Insurance Brokers SA	c/o Estudio Beccar Varela, Tucuman 1, 4thFloor, Buenos Aires, Argentina	99%
JLT Re Argentina Corredores de Reaseguros S.A.	Della Paolera 265, Torre Boston, 24th FloorRetiro, C.A.B.A, Argentina	100%
JLT Holdings (Barbados) Ltd	1st Floor, Limegrove Centre, Holetown, StJames, Barbados	100%
JLT Trust Services (Barbados) Ltd	1st Floor, Limegrove Centre, Holetown, StJames, Barbados	100%
Evolution Management Ltd	Crawford House, 50 Cedar Avenue,Hamilton, HM11, Bermuda	100%
JLT Holdings (Bermuda) Ltd.	Crawford House, 50 Cedar Avenue,Hamilton, HM11, Bermuda	100%
Sail Insurance Company Limited	Cedar House, 41 Cedar Avenue, HamiltonHM12, Bermuda	100%
Colombian Insurance Broking Wholesale Limited	Walkers Corporate Limited, CaymanCorporate Centre, 27 Hospital Road, GeorgeTown, Grand Cayman, KY 1-9008, CaymanIslands	100%
Alta SA	Costanera Sur 2730, Piso 14, Las Condes,Santiago, Chile	100%
JLT Asesorias Ltda	Costanera Sur 2730, Piso 14, Las Condes, Santiago, Chile	100%
Carpenter Marsh Fac Chile Corredores de Reaseguros Limitada	Costanera Sur 2730, Piso 14, Las Condes,Santiago, Chile	100%
JLT Chile Holdings SpA	Miraflores 222 piso 28 Santiago, Chile	100%
Marsh S.A. Corredores De Seguros	Costanera Sur 2730, Piso 14, Las Condes,Santiago, Chile	15.89%
DeLima Marsh S.A Los Corredores de Seguros S.A	Calle 72 No 10 - 07 Of. 1004. Bogota, Colombia	17.45%
Carpenter Marsh Fac Colombia Corredores de Reaseguros S.A.	Calle 742 no 10-51 PH, Bogota, Colombia	100%
JLT Insurance Brokers Limited	25th Floor Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	100%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

13. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

Name	Registered office	Holding
Private Client Services by Mercer Limited	25th Floor Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	75%
MMC ShunTak Insurance Brokers Limited	25th Floor Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979King's Road,	50%
Marsh Insurance Agencies Limited	Quarry Bay, Hong Kong 25th Floor Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979King's Road,	100%
Lambert Brothers Holdings Limited	Quarry Bay, Hong Kong 25th Floor Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979King's Road,	100%
Lambert Brothers Insurance Brokers (Employee Benefits) Limited	Quarry Bay, Hong Kong 25th Floor Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	100%
Lambert Brothers Insurance Brokers (Hong Kong) Ltd	25th Floor Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979King's Road,	100%
JLT Advisory Services Limited	Quarry Bay, Hong Kong E-2/16, 2nd Floor, White House, Ansari Road, Darya	92.61%
PT Nexus Asia Pacific	Ganj, New Delhi, 110002, India World Trade Center, 10th Floor Jl. Jendral Sudirman Kav. 29- 31, Jakarta 12920,	100%
JLT Re Labuan Limited	Indonesia Level 42-01B (West Wing), Q Sentral, 2A Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur,	100%
JI Holdings Limited	Malaysia c/o SGG Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd, Les Cascades, Edith Cavell Street, Port Louis, Republic of Mauritius	100%
JLT Mexico, Intermediario de Reaseguro, S.A. de C.V.	Avenida Insurgentes Sur 1898, Piso 19, Colonia Florida, CP 01030 Mexico City	100%
JLT Asia Holdings BV	Conradstraat 18, 3013 AP	100%
JMIB Holdings BV	Rotterdam, Netherlands Conradstraat 18, 3013 AP Rotterdam, Netherlands	100%
Marsh Rehder S.A. Corredores de Seguros	Avda Santa Maria 110-140, oficina 202. Miraflores, Lima, Peru	20.96%
Carpenter Marsh Fac Peru Corredores de Reaseguros S.A.C		60.46%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

13. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

Name	Registered office	Holding
Anda Insurance Agencies Pte Ltd	8 Marina View 09-02, Asia Square Tower 1, Singapore, 018960, Singapore	100%
JLT Asia (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	239 Alexandra Road, Singapore, 159930	100%
Private Client Services by Mercer Pte. Ltd	80 Robinson Road #02-00, Singapore, 068898, Singapore	75%
JLT Management Pte. Ltd	239 Alexandra Road, Singapore 159930	100%
JLT Interactive Pte. Ltd.	239 Alexandra Road, Singapore 159930	100%
JLT Singapore Holdings Pte. Ltd.	239 Alexandra Road, Singapore 159930	100%
JLT Specialty Pte. Ltd.	239 Alexandra Road, Singapore 159930	100%
Private Client Services by Mercer Holdings Pte. Ltd	239 Alexandra Road, Singapore 159930	75%
Lavaretus Underwriting AB	Jakobsbergsgatan 7, 11144Stockholm, Sweden	100%
Private Client Services by Mercer SA	Rue de Chantepoulet 1-3, 1201,Geneva , Switzerland	75%
Insure Direct - Jardine Lloyd Thompson Limited Insure Direct (Brokers) LLC	P.O. Box 9731, Dubai , UAE Level 23, Burj Al Salam, World Trade Centre Roundabout,	100% 49%
Private Client Services by Mercer (Dubai) Limited	Sheikh Zayed Road, Dubai, P.O.BOX 57006, UAE Unit 510, Level 5, Gate Precinct Building 3, Dubai International Financial Centre, Dubai, PO BOX 507288, United Arab	75%
JLT Vietnam Insurance Brokers Limited	Emirates 5th Floor, CJ Building, 6 Le Thanh Ton Street, District 1, Ho	100%
JIB Holdings (Pacific) Limited	Chi Minh City, Vietnam Skelton Building, Main Street, Road Town, Tortola, Virgin Islands, British	100%
MAG JLT SpA (Associate)	Francesco Crispi 74, Naples, Italy	25%
JLT Vantage Risk and BenefitConsulting Private Limited (Associate)	C-6.2 Dr Herekar Park, Nehru Park,Pune, Maharashtra, 411004, India	49%
JLT Independent Consultancy Services PrivateLimited (Associate)	Peninsula Corporate Park, GanpatRao Kadam Marg, Off, SenapatiBapat Marg, Mumbai, 400013, India	49%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

13. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

All shares are Ordinary shares unless otherwise stated.

- (1) These entities are direct subsidiaries of the Company.
- (2) Pet Animal Welfare Scheme Limited was dissolved on 6 April 2021.

14. Debtors

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	41,939	43,821
Other receivables	7,493	5,083
Amounts owed by group undertakings in respect of tax	20,774	20,774
	70,206	69,678

Amounts due from group undertakings include an agreed loan facility of £Nil (2019: £25.2m). Interest is accrued on the principal amount at LIBOR plus 0.5%.

The remaining balances owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

15. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	331	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

16. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	135,791	135,421
Amounts owed to group undertakings in respect of tax	30	-
Other creditors	330	-
Accruals and deferred income	-	1
	136,151	135,422

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

17. Share capital

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
20,000 (2019 - 20,000) Ordinary shares of £0.05 each	1	1

18. Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

19. Controlling party

The Company's immediate parent is MMC Treasury Holdings (UK) Limited.

On 1 April 2019, the Company was acquired by Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc, which became the Company's ultimate parent undertaking at that date.

For the period ended 31 December 2020, the smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. The consolidated financial statements of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc are available to the public and may be obtained from:

Companies House Crown Way Cardiff CF14 3UZ

and also from:

The Company Secretary
MMC Treasury Holdings (UK) Limited
1 Tower Place West
Tower Place
London
EC3R 5BU